- (A) 3iX Y
- $(\mathbf{B}) 3iX Y$
- (c) -3iX + Y
- (D) 3iX + Y
- 10. If $|\psi\rangle$ and $|\phi\rangle$ are normalized to unity and $|\langle\psi|\phi\rangle=1$, then
 - (A) both $|\psi\rangle$ and $|\phi\rangle$ must be null vectors
 - (B) at most one of the two vectors $|\psi\rangle$ and $|\phi\rangle$ must be null vector
 - (c) $|\psi = \alpha|\phi >$, where α is a complex number with $|\alpha| = 1$
 - (5) no relation can be given between the two vectors $|\psi>$ and $|\phi>$
- 11. Which of the following commutators is zero?
 - (A) $[xp_y, yp_z]$
 - (B) $[xp_z, yp_y]$
 - (c) $[p_x p_y, xy]$
 - (p) $[p_x^2 + p_y^2, x^2 + y^2]$
- 12. For a free particle moving in negative x direction with momentum p, the wave function can be written as
 - (A) $\exp(ikx + i\omega t)$
 - (a) $\exp(-ikx + i\omega t)$
 - (c) $\exp(-ikx i\omega t)$
 - (7) $\exp(ikx i\omega t)$

where $k = p/\hbar$ and $\omega = E/\hbar$.

- 13. A reversible adiabatic process is
 - (A) isoentropic
 - (B) isoenthalpic
 - (c) isobaric
 - (D) isochoric
- 14. First-order phase transition is characterized by
 - (A) volume continuity
 - (B) entropy discontinuity
 - (c) specific heat continuity
 - (D) Gibbs energy discontinuity